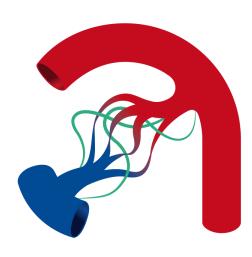


for rare or low prevalence complex diseases

Network
Vascular Diseases
(VASCERN)



# Vascular EDS

Final approved patient pathway 28/09/2018

### Disclaimer



- This document is an opinion statement reflecting strategies put forward by experts and patient representatives involved in the Medium Sized Arteries (MSA) Rare Disease Working Group of VASCERN.
- This pathway is issued on 28/09/2018 and will be further validated and adjusted as needed.

#### Family history:

COL3A1 mutation in relative Aortic dissection - <40 Arterial dissection - <40 Young onset death Spontaneous Bowel rupture 3<sup>rd</sup> trimester uterine rupture

## Suspect of vEDS Personal history: April dissection

Aortic dissection
Arterial dissection
Spontaneous bowel rupture
Carotid-Cavernous Sinus Fistula (CCSF)



Multidisciplinary clinical evaluation

Cardiovascular imaging ECHO / MRA Clinical examination Genetic counselling

Genetic testing

COL3A1 NGS panel testing

Clinical and genetic diagnosis

Management and Follow up

#### **Red Flags**

#### Multidisciplinary clinical evaluation

# Management and Follow up

A combination of features below may raise suspicion

Suspect

**vEDS** 

Family history of vEDS with confirmed COL3A1 mutation

Arterial dissection/rupture at young age (<40yrs)

Spontaneous bowel Perforation (with no known risk factors)

3rd trimester uterine rupture (with no known risk factors)

CCSF in absence of trauma

Bruising in unusual sites with undefined trauma

Characteristic facial
Appearance or acrogeria

Spontaneous pneumothorax

Early onset varicose veins <30yrs

Other features such as Club foot. Thin skin, Keratoconus, Gingival fragility Cardiac and arterial imaging

Clinical examination and assessment

Family history

Molecular testing

vEDS with mutation in COL3A1

Proband / Relative NEW PATIENT Surveillance and Follow Up\*

Access to teams required include

- 1. Cardiology
- Vascular and endovascular surgery
- 3. Bowel surgery
- 4. Neurovascular surgery
- 5. Thoracic surgery
- 6. Obstetrics and fetal medicine
- 7. Vascular imaging
- 8. Psychosocial input

\*In accordance with clinical need and geographical location. Should include

- 1) Ongoing access to services on demand
- 2) Ongoing support of local medical teams
- 3) Individual follow up as required for new clinical indications such as pregnancy, new symptoms assessment...

Patient Presents @	Red Flags A combination of features below may raise suspicion		Multidisciplinary Clinical Evaluation at ERN designated HCP or Centre of expertise		Surveillance and Follow up
GP Emergency services	Family history of vEDS with confirmed COL3A1 mutation	Suspect vEDS	Cardiac and arterial imaging	Confirm	Routinely led by cardiology in liaison with multidisciplinary teams
Surgical team	Arterial dissection/rupture at young age (<40yrs)			COL3A1 mutation	Access to teams required include
Vascular team	Spontaneous bowel Perforation (with no known risk factors)		Clinical examination and assessment		
Cardio-thoracic Team	3rd trimester uterine rupture (with no known risk factors)				
Genetics team	CCSF in absence of trauma  Bruising in unusual sites with undefined trauma		Molecular Testing		<ul><li>Neurovascular surgery</li><li>Thoracic surgery</li></ul>
	Characteristic facial appearance or acrogeria		Family history		<ul><li>Obstetrics and fetal medicine</li><li>Vascular imaging</li></ul>
	Spontaneous pneumothorax				<ul> <li>Psychosocial input</li> </ul>
	Early onset varicose veins <30yrs				<ul> <li>Clinical genetics</li> </ul>
For probands and relatives New Patient	Other features such as Club foot, Thin skin, Keratoconus, Gingival fragility	1) Ongoing 2) Ongoing 3) Individua	ance with clinical need and access to services on dema support of local medical te al follow up as required for oms assessment	and eams	

**Education and** 

Do and Don't's

presentations / talks

factsheets Uploading

Training:

POK

### **Treatment:** Diagnosis of vEDS Discuss and trial Celiprolol Cascade testing: If appropriate Psycho-social support: If appropriate Consent for Helps in documentation registry (RaDiCo) and further research / clinical trials Electronic passport to develop Medic Alert and patient passports To consider as ERN multinational study Clinical trials Use data from above for consensus and evidence based publications

### **About VASCERN**



VASCERN, the European Reference Network on Rare Multisystemic Vascular Diseases, is dedicated to gathering the best expertise in Europe in order to provide accessible cross-border healthcare to patients with rare vascular diseases (an estimated 1.3 million concerned). These include arterial disease (affecting aorta to small arteries), arteriovenous anomalies, venous malformations, and lymphatic diseases.

VASCERN currently consists of 31 highly specialised multidisciplinary Healthcare Providers (HCPs) from 11 EU Member States and of various European Patient Organisations and is coordinated in Paris, France.

Through our 5 Rare Disease Working Groups (RDWGs) as well as several thematic WGs and the ePAG - European Patient Advocacy Group, we aim to improve care, promote best practices and guidelines, reinforce research, empower patients, provide training for healthcare professionals and realise the full potential of European cooperation for specialised healthcare by exploiting the latest innovations in medical science and health technologies.

More information available at: <a href="https://vascern.eu">https://vascern.eu</a>

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